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MXI[™]

MXI-4 Series User Manual

MXI-4 Multi-System Extension Interface for PCI, CompactPCI, and PXI Bus Computers

PCI-8331 PXI-8331 PCI-8336 PXI-8336



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This product was tested and complies with the regulatory requirements and limits for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) as stated in the product specifications. These requirements and limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the product is operated in its intended operational electromagnetic environment. There is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. To minimize the potential for the product to cause interference to radio and television reception or to experience unacceptable performance degradation, install and use this product in strict accordance with the instructions in the product documentation.

The following statements contain important information needed before installing and using this product:



Caution This product is intended for use in industrial locations. As a result, this product may cause interference if used in residential areas. Such use must be avoided unless the user takes special measures to reduce electromagnetic emissions to prevent interference to the reception of radio and television broadcasts.



Caution Changes or modifications not expressly approved by National Instruments could void the user's authority to operate the hardware under the local regulatory rules.

About This Manual

Conventions	.vii
Related Documentation	.viii

Chapter 1 Introduction

About the MXI-4 Series	1-1
Description and Features	1-1
Basic MXI-4 Systems	
Larger MXI-4 Systems	1-3
What You Need to Get Started	1-4
Unpacking	1-5

Chapter 2 Hardware and Software Installation

2-1
2-2
2-2
2-3
2-5
2-6
2-6
,

Chapter 3

Hardware and Software Overview

Hardware Overview	3-1
Functional Overview	3-1
Functional Unit Descriptions	3-2
National Instruments MXI-4 FPGA	3-2
Parallel-to-Serial Converter	3-2
Serial-to-Parallel Converter	3-2
Serial Connector/Fiber Optic Transceiver	3-2
MXI-4 Cable Options	3-3
Software Configuration.	3-3
MXI-4 Retransmit Count	3-3
MXI-4 Linked Chassis Status	3-6

Appendix A Specifications

Appendix B Common Questions

Appendix C Technical Support and Professional Services

Glossary

Index

This manual describes the features, functions, and operation of the MXI-4 series of products. The four products in this series are the PCI-8331, PXI-8331, PCI-8336, and PXI-8336. The PXI-PCI 8331 and 8336 incorporate MXI-4 technology, which couples two physically separate PCI, CompactPCI, or PXI buses with a data link capable of 1.5 Gbit/s serial data rates.

Conventions

	The following conventions appear in this manual:
	This icon denotes a note, which alerts you to important information.
Â	This icon denotes a caution, which advises you of precautions to take to avoid injury, data loss, or a system crash.
bold	Bold text denotes items that you must select or click in the software, such as menu items and dialog box options. Bold text also denotes parameter names.
italic	Italic text denotes variables, emphasis, a cross reference, or an introduction to a key concept. This font also denotes text that is a placeholder for a word or value that you must supply.
monospace	Text in this font denotes text or characters that you should enter from the keyboard, sections of code, programming examples, and syntax examples. This font is also used for the proper names of disk drives, paths, directories, programs, subprograms, subroutines, device names, functions, operations, variables, filenames and extensions, and code excerpts.
MXI-4 card	MXI-4 card refers to any of the following cards, unless otherwise noted: PCI-8331, PXI-8331, PCI-8336, and PXI-8336.
MXI-4 pair	 MXI-4 pair refers to any of the following 4 pairs of MXI-4 cards: PCI-8331 and PXI-8331 PCI-8336 and PXI-8336 PXI-8331 and PXI-8331

• PXI-8336 and PXI-8336



Note In this manual, whenever a PXI chassis is referenced, a CompactPCI chassis could be used instead.

Related Documentation

The following documents contain information that you might find helpful as you read this manual:

- Set Up Your MXI-4 System
- Your computer or chassis documentation
- PXI Hardware Specification, Revision 2.1
- PXI Software Specification, Revision 2.1
- *PCI Specification*, Revision 2.2
- PCI-PCI Bridge Architecture Specification, Revision 1.0
- PICMG CompactPCI 2.0 R2.1 specification

Introduction

This chapter describes the MXI-4 series of products, lists what you need to get started, and explains how to unpack and set up your hardware.

The four products in this series are the PCI-8331, PXI-8331, PCI-8336, and PXI-8336. For the remainder of this manual the term *MXI-4 card* will refer to any of the products in the MXI-4 series.

MXI-4 cards must always be installed as either a pair of PXI cards or as a PCI card and a PXI card. The term *MXI-4 pair* will refer to one of the four allowable pairings of MXI-4 cards which are described in the *Conventions* section of the *About This Manual*.

About the MXI-4 Series

Description and Features

MXI-4 is a PCI master/slave implementing the PCI-PCI bridge register set. It couples two physically separate buses with either a copper or fiber-optic data link capable of 1.5 Gbit/s serial data rates. With the MXI-4 pair, you can do the following:

- Control a PXI/CompactPCI backplane with a PCI based PC
- Control a PXI/CompactPCI backplane with another PXI/CompactPCI system
- Increase the available number CompactPCI or PXI slots for your application
- Physically separate the measurement or automation system from a host PC
- Combine PCI, CompactPCI, and PXI devices in the same system



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Note When architecting a system with MXI-4 and copper cabling, consider the path to ground from one chassis to another, or from the chassis to the computer. The following are recommendations to assist in connecting a system for optimal operation:

- Keep integrated MXI-4 copper system(s) on the same electrical circuit; this will prevent ground loops from occurring due to ground potential differences that can exist between circuits.
- Use a properly grounded outlet (for instance, a three-pronged power cable and power receptacle).
- Use a power source of reasonable quality that is free from large transients on the earth ground of an outlet over time (for instance, a circuit free from large inductive items).
- Use a single Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) for systems connected through MXI-4.
- Make sure the computer and all involved chassis are plugged in and turned off before connecting MXI-4 cables between them.

Note If the nature of the environment does not meet these grounding considerations, consider a MXI product that uses fiber optic cables. Fiber optic MXI products use light instead of electrical signals to communicate between chassis and computers, which electrically isolate them from each other. Visit ni.com for more information.

Basic MXI-4 Systems

MXI-4 cards are used in two basic configurations, both of which are shown in Figure 1-1:

- A PCI MXI-4 in a PC, connected to a PXI MXI-4 in the controller slot of a PXI/CompactPCI chassis.
- A PXI MXI-4 in a non-controller slot of a PXI/CompactPCI chassis with an embedded controller, connected to a PXI MXI-4 in the controller slot of another PXI/CompactPCI chassis.

Note The PXI MXI-4 is capable of automatically detecting whether it is in a controller or non-controller slot and configuring itself accordingly.

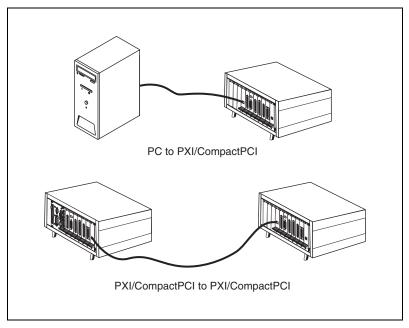


Figure 1-1. Basic MXI-4 Configurations

Larger MXI-4 Systems

Using multiple MXI-4 pairs, large PCI/PXI/CompactPCI systems can be created. The PCI specification makes provisions for up to 255 bus segments to simultaneously exist in a PCI hierarchy and MXI-4 hardware provides everything needed to support those provisions.



Note Keep in mind that some chassis and PCs have more than one PCI bus segment.

The host configuration software (BIOS and OS) and device drivers must support the number of bus segments and PCI devices that you intend to use.

Figure 1-2 shows how MXI-4 cards can be used to connect multiple expansion chassis to a PC in both a star and daisy chain topology. The PC that is shown at the root of the PCI hierarchy in this example could instead be a PXI/CompactPCI chassis with an embedded controller in its controller slot. The star topology will give higher performance than the daisy chain because it minimizes the number of MXI-4 pairs between the expansion cards and the PC.

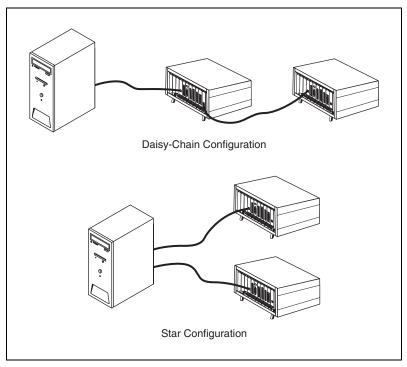


Figure 1-2. Star and Daisy Chain MXI-4 Configurations

Note Adding PCI bridges, such as MXI-4, to a system can create a slight decrease in performance when communicating with devices behind the bridges.

Although the distance between individual chassis is confined to a maximum of 10 meters for copper cables and 200 meters for fiber-optic cables, there is no limit to the total amount of cable in the system.

What You Need to Get Started

To set up and use your MXI-4 cards, you need the following:

- Two MXI-4 cards of the allowable pairings that comprise a MXI-4 pair. The allowable pairings are:
 - PCI-8331 and PXI-8331
 - PCI-8336 and PXI-8336
 - PXI-8331 and PXI-8331
 - PXI-8336 and PXI-8336

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- A MXI-4 cable
 - A copper cable for 8331 pairs
 - A fiber optic cable for 8336 pairs
- A host—This can be a PC with PCI slots, or a PXI/CompactPCI chassis that already has a controller
- An expansion chassis—This is the PXI/CompactPCI chassis that you control with the MXI-4 pair
- □ NI MXI-4 software

Note Your PXI MXI-4 card will work in any standard CompactPCI chassis adhering to the *PICMG CompactPCI 2.0 R2.1* specification, or in PXI chassis that are compatible with the *PXI Hardware Specification*, Revision 1.0 or later. Your PCI MXI-4 card will work in systems compliant with the *PCI Specification*, Revision 2.2 or later.

Unpacking

Your MXI-4 cards are shipped in antistatic packages to prevent electrostatic damage (ESD) to the devices. ESD can damage several components on the device.



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Caution Never touch the exposed pins of connectors. Doing so may damage the device.

To avoid such damage in handling the device, take the following precautions:

- Ground yourself using a grounding strap or by holding a grounded object.
- Touch the antistatic package to a metal part of the computer chassis before removing the device from the package.

Remove the device from the package and inspect the device for loose components or any sign of damage. Notify NI if the device appears damaged in any way. Do *not* install a damaged device into the computer.

Store the device in the antistatic envelope when not in use.



Hardware and Software Installation

This chapter explains how to install the MXI-4 software and hardware.

Software Installation

The software for your MXI-4 controller enables use of the MXI-4 Connection Monitor which is built into the MXI-4 hardware. This software enhances the product, allowing you to monitor your MXI-4 link, view information about the organization of your PXI system, and programmatically retrieve data about the link, chassis, and modules you have installed.

The MXI-4 software for Microsoft Windows operating systems is included as part of NI-VISA. The appropriate version of NI-VISA is provided on the MXI-4 Software CD or National Instruments Driver CD included with your kit. To install the software, insert the CD into your computer and run the setup.exe program if it does not start automatically. Follow the installation program prompts to install the NI-VISA software and any other components you select. After installation you may be required to reboot your computer before using the MXI-4 software.

Note If the MXI-4 software does not support your operating system, the operating system will provide a mechanism for you to ignore the MXI-4 Connection Monitor which is built into the MXI-4 hardware.

If you are using LabVIEW Real-Time, be sure you also update the LabVIEW RT controller by accessing the Software attributes of your target system in Measurement & Automation Explorer (MAX) and using MAX to update the software on your LabVIEW RT controller.

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Hardware Installation

The following are general instructions for installing the MXI-4 cards. Consult your computer user manual or technical reference manual for specific instructions and warnings.

Installing a PCI MXI-4 Card

1

1. Power off your computer, but leave it plugged in while installing the PCI MXI-4 card. The power cord grounds the chassis and protects it from electrical damage while you install the module.

Caution To protect both yourself and the computer from electrical hazards, your computer should remain off until you finish installing the PCI MXI-4 device.

- 2. Remove the top cover or access port to the PCI bus.
- 3. Select any available PCI expansion slot.
- 4. Locate the metal bracket that covers the cut-out in the back panel of the computer for the slot you have selected. Remove and save the bracket-retaining screw and the bracket cover.
- 5. Touch the metal part of the power supply case inside the computer to discharge any static electricity that might be on your clothes or body.
- 6. Line up the PCI MXI-4 with the slot on the back panel. Slowly push down on the top of the PCI MXI-4 until its card-edge connector is resting on the expansion slot receptacle. Using slow, evenly distributed pressure, press the PCI MXI-4 straight down until it seats in the expansion slot.
- 7. Reinstall the bracket-retaining screw to secure the PCI MXI-4 to the back panel rail.
- 8. Replace the computer cover.

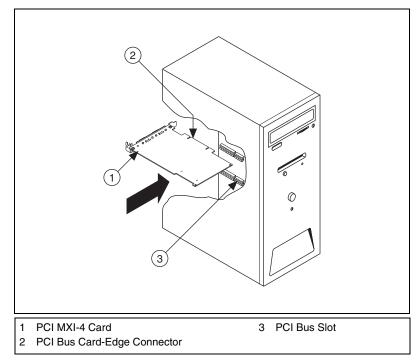


Figure 2-1. Installing the PCI MXI-4

Installing a PXI MXI-4 Card

Complete the following steps to install the PXI MXI-4 in your PXI or CompactPCI chassis.

- 1. Power off your PXI or CompactPCI chassis, but leave it plugged in while installing the PXI MXI-4 card. The power cord grounds the chassis and protects it from electrical damage while you install the module.
- 2. Select a slot for the PXI MXI-4 card:
 - When being placed in the expansion chassis that you wish to control using MXI-4, choose the controller slot (slot 1 in PXI).
 - When being placed in a host chassis, choose any slot except the controller slot (slot 1 is reserved for the system controller in PXI). The slot chosen must support bus mastering.

Caution To protect both yourself and the chassis from electrical hazards, leave the chassis off until you finish installing the PXI MXI-4 card.

- 3. Remove or open any doors or covers blocking access to the slot in which you intend to install the PXI MXI-4.
- 4. Touch the metal part of the case to discharge any static electricity that might be on your clothes or body.
- 5. Make sure the injector/ejector handle is in its downward position. Be sure to remove all connector packaging and protective caps from retaining screws on the module. Align the PXI MXI-4 card with the card guides on the top and bottom of the system controller slot.



Caution Do *not* raise the injector/ejector handle as you insert the PXI MXI-4 card. It will not insert properly unless the handle is in its downward position so that it does not interfere with the injector rail on the mainframe, as shown in Figure 2-2.

- 6. Hold the handle as you slowly slide the module into the chassis until the handle catches on the injector/ejector rail.
- 7. Raise the injector/ejector handle until the module firmly seats into the backplane receptacle connectors. The front panel of the PXI MXI-4 card should be even with the front panel of the chassis.
- 8. Tighten the bracket-retaining screws on the top and bottom of the front panel to secure the PXI MXI-4 card to the chassis.
- 9. Replace or close any doors or covers to the chassis.

Figure 2-2 shows a PXI MXI-4 card just before installation in the system controller slot of a National Instruments mainframe.

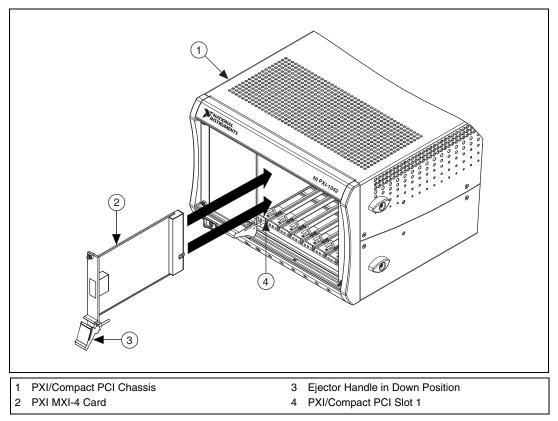


Figure 2-2. PXI MXI-4 Before Installation as Secondary

Cabling

1. Connect the appropriate MXI-4 cable to both MXI-4 cards. If you are using a fiber-optic MXI-4 cable, be sure to remove the protective caps from the connectors. The cables have no polarity, so either end may be connected to either card.



Caution Do *not* remove the cable after the system is powered on. Doing so can hang or cause errors in applications communicating with devices behind MXI-4. If a cable becomes unplugged, plug it back into the system.



Note For more information on cables, refer to the *MXI-4 Cable Options* section of Chapter 3, *Hardware and Software Overview*.

Powering Up the MXI-4 System

- 1. Power on all of the expansion chassis in any order you choose.
- 2. Power on the host, which could either be a PC or a CompactPCI/PXI chassis with an embedded controller.

Typical PCI-PCI bridges are used to add PCI devices to a PCI hierarchy in which all the bridges and devices are contained within a single chassis. Because of this, BIOSes and operating systems make the assumption that all PCI devices in the entire hierarchy will be available as soon as code execution begins at power-up time. This assumption means that all of the expansion chassis must be turned on before the host PC or embedded controller in order for the BIOS and OS to correctly configure a MXI-4 system.



Note There are no requirements on how MXI-4 expansion chassis are powered up relative to each other, as long as they are all on before the BIOS begins execution.

Powering Down the MXI-4 System

Because operating systems and drivers commonly make the assumption that PCI devices will be present in the system from power-up to power-down, it is important not to power off the expansion chassis until after the host PC or embedded controller is powered off. Powering the expansion chassis off while the host is still on can cause crashes or hangs. The order in which expansion chassis are turned off, relative to each other, is not important.

3

Hardware and Software Overview

This chapter presents an overview of the hardware and software function of MXI-4 cards, and explains the operation of each functional unit.

Hardware Overview

Functional Overview

The PCI specification places a limit on the number of PCI devices that can be placed on any single PCI bus segment in order to guarantee the electrical characteristics and timing of the bus. This limitation spawned the need for devices that could logically couple electrically independent busses to form a hierarchical PCI system. The PCI Special Interest Group recognized this need and created the PCI-PCI Bridge Architecture Specification in 1994 to provide a standardized register set and well defined functionality for such devices.

Each MXI-4 pair implements this PCI-PCI Bridge Architecture Specification for the purpose of coupling PCI-based peripherals located in separate chassis into a single PCI hierarchy. Each of the MXI-4 cards contains half of the bridge logic, and uses the serial link to communicate between those two halves at a maximum rate of 1.5 Gbits/sec.

Using the PCI-PCI Bridge specification as the basis for its implementation allows MXI-4 to connect a large number of peripheral devices while allowing them to use the same drivers that would be used if they were in the host system. This is possible because the PCI-PCI Bridge Architecture Specification was designed to be transparent to device drivers, and because all major operating systems and BIOSes support configuration of the bridges natively.

Figure 3-1 shows the basic architecture of a MXI-4 card. The MXI-4 FPGA is connected to the PCI bus, a serializer and a deserializer. The serializer and deserializer then connect to either a fiber-optic transceiver, which converts the electrical signals to laser-light and vice versa, or directly

copper cable using one differential pair on that cable to transmit data, and the other pair to receive the data.

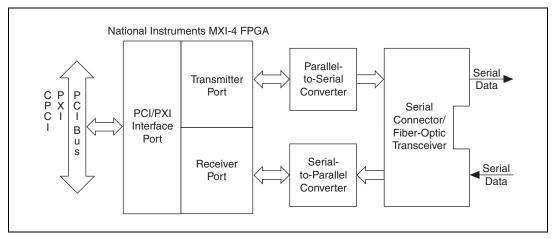


Figure 3-1. MXI-4 Card Block Diagram

Functional Unit Descriptions

National Instruments MXI-4 FPGA

Each of the MXI-4 FPGAs in a MXI-4 pair contain half of the logic needed to implement the PCI-PCI Bridge Architecture Specification, as well as logic that handles the packetization and reliable transmission of data between the two half-bridges.

Parallel-to-Serial Converter

The serial transmitter converts packetized parallel data coming from the MXI-4 FPGA into a differential electrical signal.

Serial-to-Parallel Converter

The serial receiver converts the incoming differential electrical signal, to a parallel data stream for consumption by the MXI-4 FPGA.

Serial Connector/Fiber Optic Transceiver

The electrical signals coming from the transmitter and going to the receiver may have one of two things done to them: either they are first run through a fiber-optic transceiver for conversion to/from laser-light, or they are run directly through a copper connector to a cable.

MXI-4 Cable Options

MXI-4 pairs are available with either copper or fiber-optic media connecting the MXI-4 cards. Copper cabled MXI-4 boards can span up to 10 meters, while fiber-optic cables provide up to 200 meters of separation between the cards. Table 3-1 shows the cables that are available from National Instruments:

Cable Length (meters)	Description	
3 m	MXI-4 copper cable	
5 m	MXI-4 copper cable	
10 m	MXI-4 fiber optic cable	
10 m	MXI-4 copper cable	
30 m	MXI-4 fiber optic cable	
200 m	MXI-4 fiber optic cable	

Table 3-1. National Instruments MXI-4 Cables

Caution Although MXI-4 copper cables use the same DB-9 connector as many RS-232 serial cables, they are not compatible. RS-232 cables and MXI-4 cables cannot be interchanged.

Software Configuration

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On Microsoft Windows operating systems, National Instruments Measurement & Automation Explorer (MAX) provides access to information about your MXI-4 controller, as well as other components of your PXI system. This section provides introductory information about the MXI-4 specific functions within MAX. Refer to the MAX help within MAX to learn more about how to use MAX with your PXI system.

MXI-4 Retransmit Count

Your MXI-4 pair uses a robust protocol to communicate between the individual MXI-4 cards. If serial data is corrupted during transfer, the receiving MXI-4 card will detect the corruption and request that the other MXI-4 card retransmit the data. This guarantees that even if the serial data is compromised, your application will always get the correct data.

You can determine how frequently retransmissions are occurring by enabling the **Show PXI Bus Details** attribute of your PXI system (refer to Figure 3-2). To set this attribute, right-click your PXI system in MAX and select the **Show PXI Bus Details** menu option.

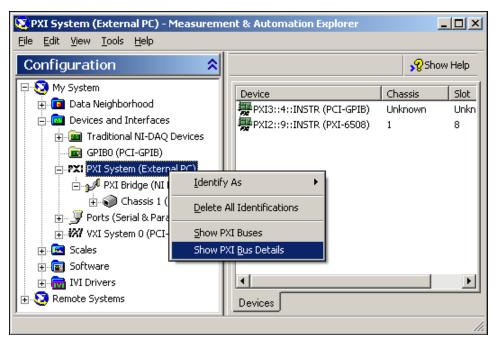


Figure 3-2. Show PXI Bus Details Attribute in Configuration Pop-Up

With this attribute enabled, clicking on a PXI Bridge entry in MAX that corresponds to a MXI-4 link will display information about the link in the right-hand pane in MAX (refer to Figure 3-3). To update the information shown, click the **Refresh** button.

Note In normal operation, the bridge retransmit count should be zero.

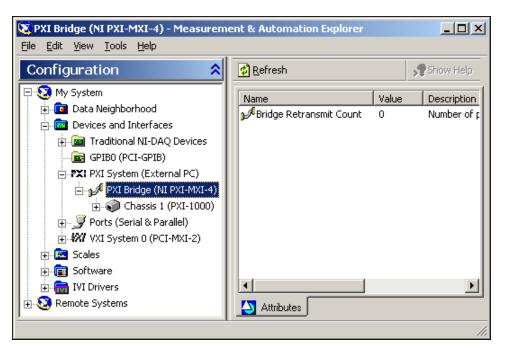


Figure 3-3. Bridge Retransmit Count Value in Right Pane View

M

MXI-4 Linked Chassis Status

When your PXI system contains a chassis connected through MXI-4, MAX can show additional information about the chassis status depending on the state of the MXI-4 link. If there is a problem with the link or the chassis is not connected, MAX will display the chassis with a yellow exclamation point indicating a warning (refer to Figure 3-4).

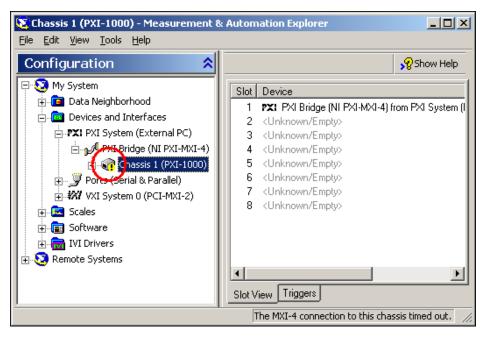


Figure 3-4. Chassis Status Indication in Configuration Tree

To determine the cause of the warning, click the chassis in the MAX tree view and check the status bar text to determine what condition the software detected (refer to Figure 3-5).

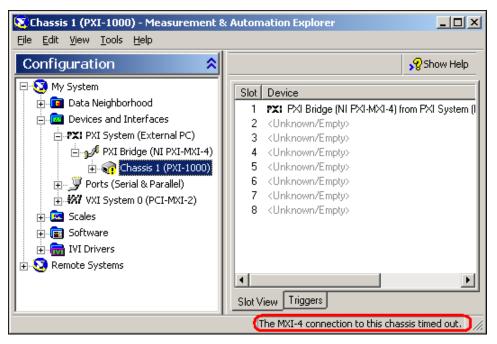


Figure 3-5. Chassis Status Indication in Status Bar of Right Pane View

If MAX indicates that the MXI-4 connection has timed out, the MXI-4 card did not detect that it was connected to another MXI-4 card at power-up time. This can occur if the host chassis is turned on before the expansion chassis, or if the MXI-4 cable is not plugged in properly. Refer to the *Powering Up the MXI-4 System* section of Chapter 2, *Hardware and Software Installation*, for more information.

Specifications

This appendix lists the system specifications for PCI MXI-4 and PXI MXI-4 cards. These specifications are typical at 25 $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise stated.

Physical

Dimensions	
PCI	10.7×17.5 cm (4.2×6.9 in.)
PXI	10.0×16.0 cm $(3.9 \times 6.3$ in.)
Maximum cable lengths	
Copper	10 m
Fiber-optic	200 m
Slot requirements	One slot (PCI or PXI)
Compatibility	PXI Hardware Specification,
	Revision 2.1 and the <i>PCI Specification</i> , Revision 2.2
Weight	
PXI-8331	25 kg (.55 lb) typical
PCI-8331	19 kg (.42 lb) typical
PXI-8336	25 kg (.55 lb) typical
PCI-8336	
PXI-8331 power requirement	
3.3 V	<.21 A typical
5 V	<1.4 A typical
PXI-8336 power requirement	
3.3 V	<.34 A typical
5 V	<1.4 A typical

Environment

Maximum altitude.....2,000 m

Pollution Degree2

Indoor use only

Operating Environment

Ambient temperature range0 to 55 °C (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-1 and IEC-60068-2-2.)

Operating relative humidity......10 to 90%, noncondensing (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-56.)

Storage Environment

Ambient temperature range20 to 70 °C		
	(Tested in accordance with	
	IEC-60068-2-1 and	
	IEC-60068-2-2.)	

Storage relative humidity	5 to 95%, noncondensing
	(Tested in accordance with
	IEC-60068-2-56.)

Shock and Vibration

Operational shock	30 g peak, half-sine, 11 ms pulse
	(Tested in accordance with
	IEC-60068-2-27. Test profile
	developed in accordance with
	MIL-PRF-28800F.)

Random Vibration

Operating5 to 500 Hz, 0.3 g_{rms}



Note Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Safety

This product is designed to meet the requirements of the following standards of safety for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1
- UL 61010-1, CSA 61010-1



Note For UL and other safety certifications, refer to the product label or the *Online Product Certification* section.

Electromagnetic Compatibility

This product is designed to meet the requirements of the following standards of EMC for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- EN 61326-1 (IEC 61326-1): Class A emissions; Basic immunity
- EN 55011 (CISPR 11): Group 1, Class A emissions
- AS/NZS CISPR 11: Group 1, Class A emissions
- FCC 47 CFR Part 15B: Class A emissions
- ICES-001: Class A emissions



Caution For EMC compliance, operate this device with shielded cables and accessories.



Note For EMC declarations and certifications, refer to the *Online Product Certification* section.

CE Compliance $\zeta \in$

This product meets the essential requirements of applicable European Directives as follows:

- 2006/95/EC; Low-Voltage Directive (safety)
- 2004/108/EC; Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (EMC)

Online Product Certification

To obtain product certifications and the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for this product, visit ni.com/certification, search by model number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

Environmental Management

NI is committed to designing and manufacturing products in an environmentally responsible manner. NI recognizes that eliminating certain hazardous substances from our products is beneficial to the environment and to NI customers.

For additional environmental information, refer to the *NI and the Environment* Web page at ni.com/environment. This page contains the environmental regulations and directives with which NI complies, as well as other environmental information not included in this document.

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

EU Customers At the end of the product life cycle, all products *must* be sent to a WEEE recycling center. For more information about WEEE recycling centers, National Instruments WEEE initiatives, and compliance with WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste and Electronic Equipment, visit ni.com/environment/weee.

电子信息产品污染控制管理办法 (中国 RoHS)

中国客户 National Instruments 符合中国电子信息产品中限制使用某些有害物质指令 (RoHS)。 关于 National Instruments 中国 RoHS 合规性信息,请登录 ni.com/environment/rohs_china。 (For information about China RoHS compliance, go to ni.com/environment/rohs_china.)

Cleaning

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If you need to clean the module, use a soft, nonmetallic brush. Make sure that the module is completely dry and free from contaminants before returning it to service.

B

Common Questions

This appendix lists common questions related to the use of the MXI-4 controllers.

General Hardware

What are the board names of the MXI-4 remote controllers?

- PCI-8331: PCI MXI-4 interface with connectors for copper cable
- PXI-8331: PXI MXI-4 interface with connectors for copper cable
- PCI-8336: PCI MXI-4 interface with connectors for fiber cable
- PXI-8336: PXI MXI-4 interface with connectors for fiber cable

What is the difference between the copper (PXI-8331) and fiber (PXI-8336) versions of MXI-4?

MXI-4 data performance is identical with both types. Use copper for short distances, and fiber for longer distances, EMI resistance, and electrical isolation.

Can I use a copper MXI-4 and a fiber MXI-4 kit in the same multi-chassis PXI system?

A copper or fiber MXI-4 kit is comprised of two MXI boards of the same type and an interconnecting cable. Copper and fiber MXI-4 kits can be intermixed to connect multiple PXI chassis together. A single copper board will not connect to a single fiber board.

How many PXI bus segments can I connect together with MXI-4?

The PCI specification allows up to 255 bus segments. MXI-4 does not limit this number, but the maximum number of bus segments allowed can be BIOS or operating system dependent. Also, a computer may already possess internally several PCI bus segments. Notice that connecting large numbers of chassis together in series with MXI-4 will result in high latency and lower throughput for chassis at the end of the chain. To reduce the impact of this situation in general, design a multi-chassis system layout

such that there are a minimum of MXI-4 links between the host PC and PXI boards requiring large bandwidth.

General Cabling

What are the different cabling options for MXI-4?

There are two different types of cables that can be used with MXI-4. The PCI/PXI-8331 uses a copper cable. The PCI/PXI-8336 uses a fiber-optic cable.

What is the maximum length of a MXI-4 copper cable?

The maximum length for the MXI-4 copper cable is 10 meters. National Instruments offers 3 meter, 5 meter, and 10 meter copper cables.

What is the maximum length of a MXI-4 fiber-optic cable?

The maximum length for the MXI-4 fiber-optic cable is 200 meters. National Instruments offers 10 meter, 30 meter, and 200 meter fiber-optic cables.

How can I extend my system past the maximum cable length?

The best solution is to add a second MXI-4 link, which will then extend the length to 400 meters (fiber-optic kit only). To do this you will need a second PXI-MXI-4 kit (which consists of two PXI-8336 devices), another cable, and another chassis. The 4-slot PXI chassis is the lowest cost option for a chassis. Chassis and MXI-4 kits can be added as needed in order to obtain the desired distance.

Can I use a repeater to extend the range of my MXI-4 link?

To extend MXI-4 greater than the 200 (fiber) or 10 (copper) meters, you *cannot* use a normal Ethernet repeater. Most repeaters work by resending the packets sent to them instead of the exact electrical signals. Since MXI-4 uses a proprietary packet optimized for PCI cycles, a standard Ethernet repeater will not work.

MXI-4 copper cables look like standard serial cables. Are they the same?

No. Although MXI-4 copper cables use the same DB-9 connector as many RS-232 serial cables like those found on a regular PC, they are not compatible. RS-232 cables and MXI-4 cables cannot be interchanged.

Also, never attempt to cable together a standard RS-232 serial port to the copper connector on a MXI-4 board. Doing so will result in damage to your hardware.

General Software

Under which operating systems will MXI-4 work?

MXI-4 is a PCI-to-PCI bridge that is recognized by the majority of operating systems. It should automatically work with most systems like Windows, Macintosh OS X, Linux, and Solaris, but only Windows operating systems have been verified in the initial release of MXI-4.

What software is required to use my MXI-4 kit?

For Windows and LabVIEW RT, the required software is included as part of the latest version of NI-VISA included with your kit. The software for your MXI-4 controller enhances the product, allowing you to monitor your MXI-4 link, view information about the organization of your PXI system, and programmatically retrieve data about the link, chassis, and modules you have installed.

If the MXI-4 software does not support your operating system, you can still use MXI-4 and the operating system will provide a mechanism for you to ignore the MXI-4 Connection Monitor that is built into the MXI-4 hardware.

For more details, refer to the *Software Installation* section of Chapter 2, *Hardware and Software Installation*.

MXI-3 required optimization software. Does MXI-4 require the same?

No. The necessary optimization is now done automatically by the MXI-4 hardware.

How does my MXI-4 board show up in the Windows Device Manager?

MXI-4 boards contain two distinct PCI functions onboard and will have two separate listings in the Windows Device Manager (WDM). The first function will show up in the WDM listed under System devices as a **PCI standard PCI-to-PCI bridge**. The second function listing in the WDM will show up as a **MXI-4 Connection Monitor** when the correct MXI-4 driver is installed. If the MXI-4 software is not installed, the PCI-to-PCI function will still be detected and work correctly, but the **MXI-4 Connection Monitor** will be detected as an unknown device.

MXI-3 to MXI-4 Upgrade Questions

What are some of the improvements from MXI-3 to MXI-4?

MXI-4 incorporates the latest technology to include:

- Universal PCI support for both 3.3 V and 5 V PCI slots.
- Improved error correction and handling for noisy or harsh environments.
- Expanded operating temperature range to 0–55 °C.
- Improved mechanical connectivity.

Can a MXI-3 and a MXI-4 board be used together directly?

No. MXI-3 and MXI-4 boards use different cable connectors and cannot be plugged in together. Additionally, the board-to-board communication protocols differ.

Can I use a MXI-3 and a MXI-4 kit in the same multi-chassis PXI system?

Yes. Different MXI kits can be intermixed to connect multiple PXI chassis together. As mentioned previously, an individual MXI-3 board will not cable directly to a MXI-4 board.

MXI-3 systems required the use of a specific boot ordering. Is this still a requirement with MXI-4?

Yes, the requirements of the PCI bus still mandate that you must power on secondary PXI chassis before powering on the host PC or controller when using MXI-4, but MXI-4 does have improved boot behavior when using multiple chassis connected in series.

With MXI-3 and several chassis connected in series, you were required to power on the chassis in order starting with the chassis at the end of the chain and move towards the host controller. Now with MXI-4, multiple chassis connected in series can be powered on in any order, except that you need to ensure that the last component powered on is the host PC or the chassis containing the host controller as previously mentioned. For more details, refer to the *Powering Up the MXI-4 System* section in Chapter 2, *Hardware and Software Installation*.

What is the benefit of Universal PCI support with MXI-4?

With Universal PCI support, MXI-4 now can be used in more types of PCI and PCI-X slots.

Will the board connector work in this type of slot?	Universal MXI-4 boards	Traditional MXI-3 boards
5 V PCI 33 Mhz	yes	yes
3.3 V PCI 33 MHz	yes	no
3.3 V PCI 66 MHz	yes	no
3.3 V PCI-X 66 MHz	yes	no
3.3 V PCI-X 100 MHz	yes	no
3.3 V PCI-X 133 MHz	yes	no

Table B-1. MXI-4 Bus Compatibility

Note PCI-X and 66 Mhz PCI buses maintain backwards compatibility with 33 Mhz PCI boards like MXI-4 by slowing down the bus to 33 Mhz operation.

What is significant about improved error handling with MXI-4?

MXI-4 now offers the flexibility to correct for serial data corruption during transmission in noisy or harsh environments. MXI-4 also gives greater flexibility of use.

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Technical Support and Professional Services

Visit the following sections of the award-winning National Instruments Web site at ni.com for technical support and professional services:

- **Support**—Technical support at ni.com/support includes the following resources:
 - Self-Help Technical Resources—For answers and solutions, visit ni.com/support for software drivers and updates, a searchable KnowledgeBase, product manuals, step-by-step troubleshooting wizards, thousands of example programs, tutorials, application notes, instrument drivers, and so on. Registered users also receive access to the NI Discussion Forums at ni.com/forums. NI Applications Engineers make sure every question submitted online receives an answer.
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- **Declaration of Conformity (DoC)**—A DoC is our claim of compliance with the Council of the European Communities using the manufacturer's declaration of conformity. This system affords the user protection for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) and product safety. You can obtain the DoC for your product by visiting ni.com/certification.
- **Calibration Certificate**—If your product supports calibration, you can obtain the calibration certificate for your product at ni.com/calibration.

If you searched ni.com and could not find the answers you need, contact your local office or NI corporate headquarters. Phone numbers for our worldwide offices are listed at the front of this manual. You also can visit the Worldwide Offices section of ni.com/niglobal to access the branch office Web sites, which provide up-to-date contact information, support phone numbers, email addresses, and current events.

Symbol	Prefix	Value
n	nano	10-9
μ	micro	10-6
m	milli	10-3
k	kilo	10 ³
М	mega	106

Symbols

0	Degrees
≥	Equal or greater than
≤	Equal or less than
%	Percent
В	
bus	the group of conductors that interconnect individual circuitry in a computer. Typically, a bus is the expansion vehicle to which I/O or other devices are connected. Examples of PC buses are the AT bus, PCI bus, and PCI Express bus.
bus master	a type of a plug-in board or controller with the ability to read and write devices on the computer bus
C	
С	Celsius
clock	hardware component that controls timing for reading from or writing to groups
counter/timer	a circuit that counts external pulses or clock pulses (timing)

D

device	a plug-in instrument card or pad that can contain multiple channels and conversion devices. Plug-in boards and PCMCIA cards, which connect to your computer parallel port, are examples of devices.
digital trigger	a TTL level signal having two discrete levels—a high and a low level
DMA	direct memory access—a method by which data can be transferred to/from computer memory from/to a device or memory on the bus while the processor does something else. DMA is the fastest method of transferring data to/from computer memory.
F	
FPGA	Field Programmable Gate Array—a logic device that has its functionality defined after it is manufactured.
I	
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
Р	
pair	 MXI-4 pair refers to any of the following 4 pairs of MXI-4 cards: PCI-8331 and PXI-8331 PCI-8336 and PXI-8336 PXI-8331 and PXI-8331 PXI-8336 and PXI-8336
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect—a high-performance expansion bus architecture originally developed by Intel to replace ISA and EISA. It is achieving widespread acceptance as a standard for PCs and workstations; it offers a theoretical maximum transfer rate of 132 Mbytes/s.
PCI-PCI bridge	a device that transparently expands the PCI bus on a computer motherboard to another bus segment in the same machine. The bridge expands the number of PCI expansion slots, but remains transparent to the end user.

PXI

PCI eXtensions for Instrumentation. PXI is an open specification that builds off the CompactPCI specification by adding instrumentation-specific features.

V

VCSEL

Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Laser

Index

A

additional MXI-4 configurations (figure), 1-4

B

basic MXI-4 configurations (figure), 1-3 block diagram, 3-2

C

cable options, 3-3 calibration certificate (NI resources), C-2 CE compliance specifications, A-4 cleaning, hardware, A-4 common questions, B-1 configuration basic (figure), 1-3 software, 3-3 configurations, additional daisy chain (figure), 1-4 star (figure), 1-4 conventions used in the manual, *vii*

D

Declaration of Conformity (NI resources), C-2 diagnostic tools (NI resources), C-1 documentation conventions used in manual, *vii* NI resources, C-1 related documentation, *viii* drivers (NI resources), C-1

Ε

electromagnetic compatibility, A-3 environment specifications, A-2 environmental management specifications, A-4 WEEE information, A-4 examples (NI resources), C-1

F

fiber optic transceiver, 3-2 functional unit descriptions, 3-2

Η

hardware cleaning, A-4 overview, 3-1 help, technical support, C-1 HSSDC (High-Speed Serial Data Connector Cable), 3-3

I

installation cable options, 3-3 cabling, 2-5 hardware, 2-2 of a PCI MXI-4 card, 2-2 of a PXI MXI-4 card, 2-3 powering down the MXI-4 system, 2-6 powering up the MXI-4 system, 2-6 software, 2-1 instrument drivers (NI resources), C-1

K

KnowledgeBase, C-1

L

linked chassis status, 3-6

М

MAX, 3-3 MXI-4 block diagram, 3-2 cable options, 3-3 definition, 1-1 overview. 3-1 MXI-4 FPGA, 3-2 MXI-4 system basic systems, 1-2 description, 1-1 getting started, 1-4 hardware overview, 3-1 larger systems, 1-3 linked chassis status, 3-6 software configuration, 3-3 unpacking, 1-5

Ν

National Instruments support and services, C-1

0

operating environment specifications, A-2 overview functional unit descriptions, 3-2 hardware, 3-1 MXI-4 block diagram, 3-2

Ρ

parallel-to-serial converter, 3-2 PCI MXI-4 card installation, 2-2 figure, 2-3 physical specifications, A-1 programming examples (NI resources), C-1 PXI MXI-4 card installation, 2-3 figure, 2-5

R

random vibration specifications, A-2 recycling, hardware, A-4 related documentation, *viii* retransmit count, 3-3

S

safety specifications, A-3 serial connector, 3-2 serial-to-parallel converter, 3-2 shock and vibration specifications, A-2 software configuration, 3-3 installation, 2-1 NI resources, C-1 specifications, A-1 CE compliance, A-4 cleaning, A-4 electromagnetic compatibility, A-3 environment, A-2 operating, A-2 random vibration, A-2 shock and vibration. A-2 storage, A-2

environmental management, A-4 WEEE information, A-4 online product certification, A-4 physical, A-1 safety, A-3 status, linked chassis, 3-6 storage environment specifications, A-2 support, technical, C-1

T

technical support, C-1 training and certification (NI resources), C-1 troubleshooting (NI resources), C-1

U

unpacking, 1-5

W

Web resources, C-1 WEEE information, A-4